

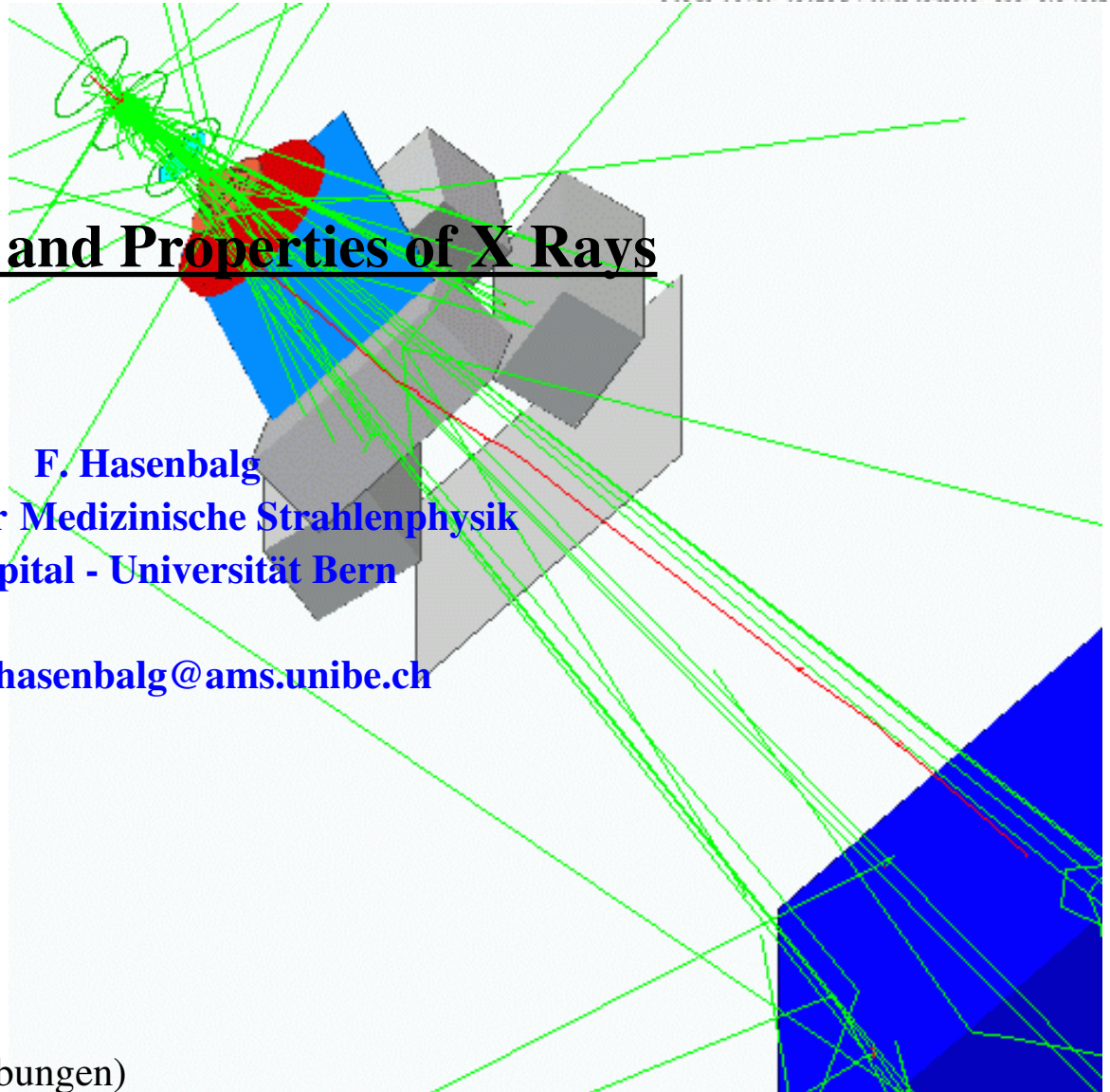


Abteilung für Medizinische Strahlenphysik  
Inselspital, Universität Bern, Schweiz  
[www.ams.unibe.ch](http://www.ams.unibe.ch)

## Production and Properties of X Rays

**F. Hasenbalg**  
**Abteilung für Medizinische Strahlenphysik**  
**Inselspital - Universität Bern**

**e-mail: [hasenbalg@ams.unibe.ch](mailto:hasenbalg@ams.unibe.ch)**

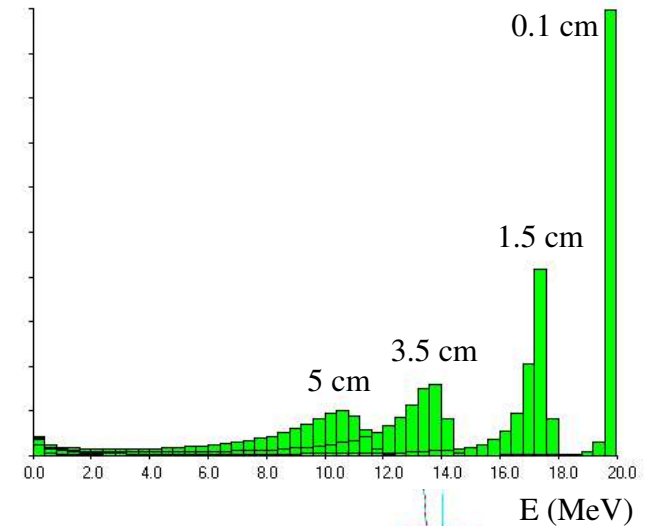
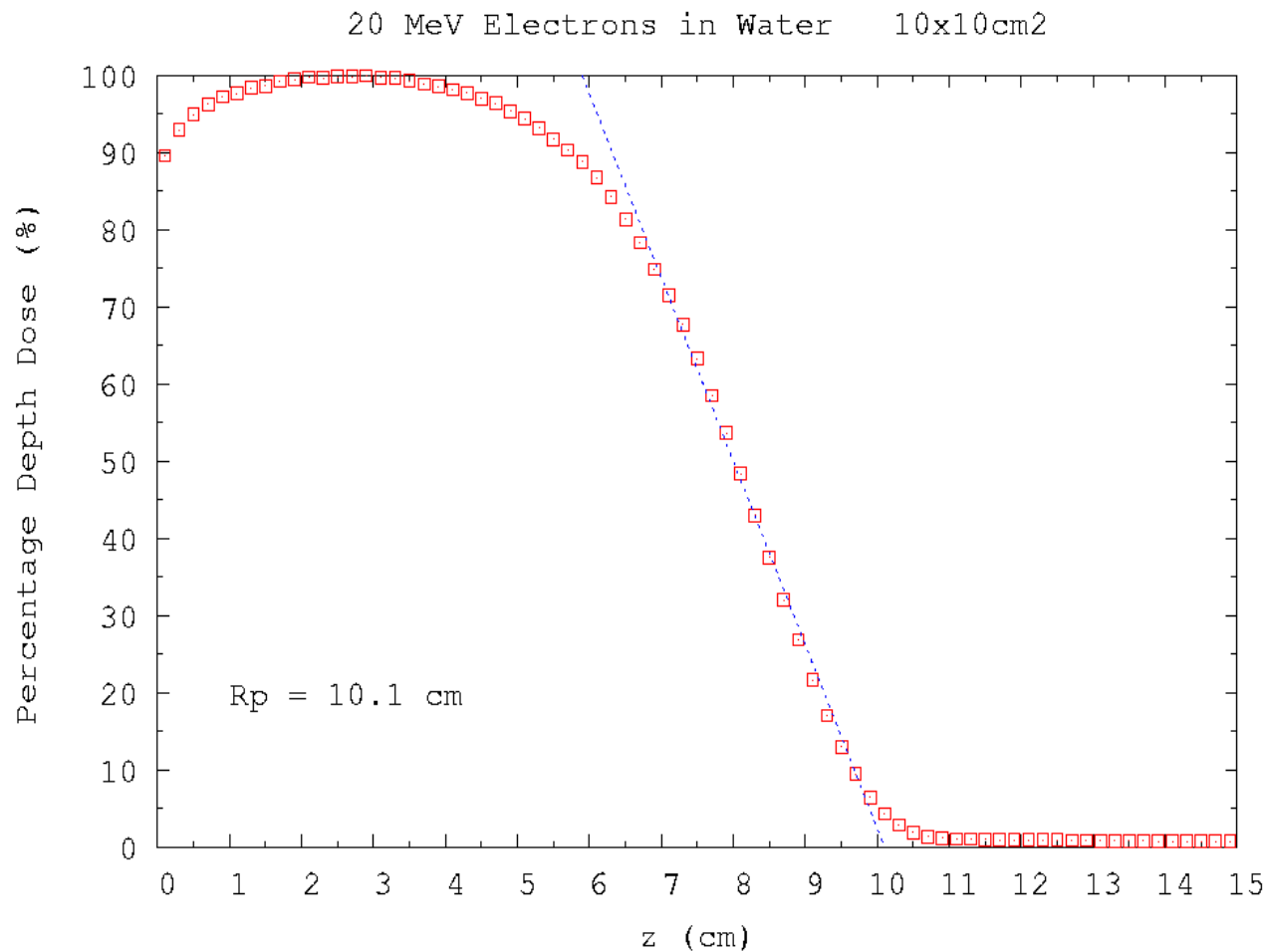


# Results assignment 04: electron parallel beam

monoenergetic electron beam:  $E = 20 \text{ MeV}$

source to phantom ( $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ) surface distance: 100 cm

field size:  $10 \times 10 \text{ cm}^2$



$$\bar{R} = 8 \text{ cm}$$

$$R_p = 10.1 \text{ cm}$$

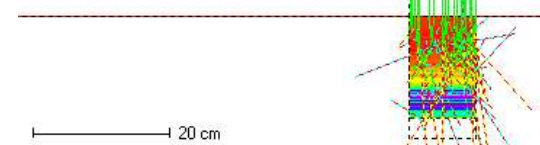
$$R_{\text{max}} = 11 \text{ cm}$$

$$R_{\text{th}} = 6.6 \text{ cm}$$

$$D_o = 90 \%$$

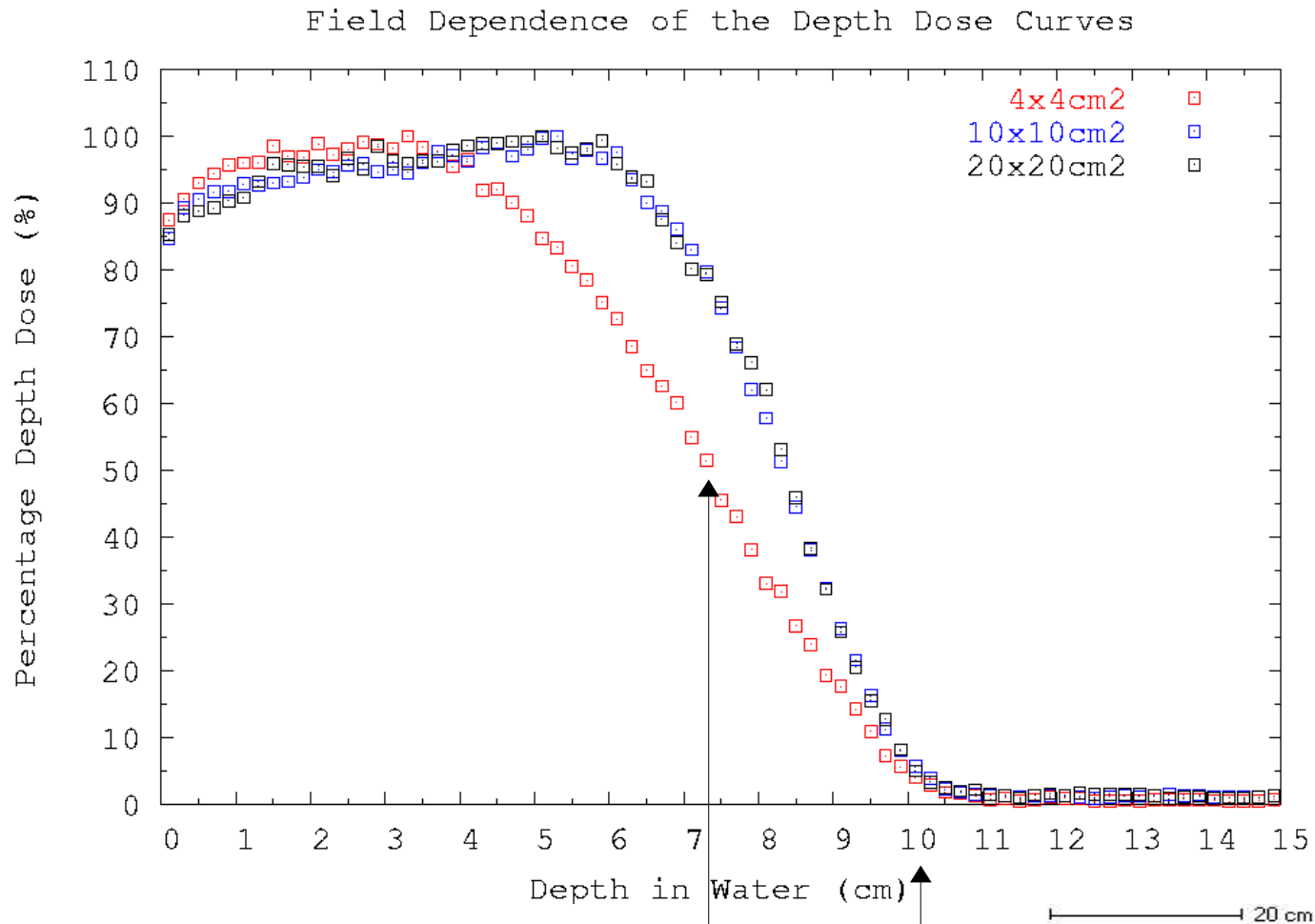
$$d_{\text{max}} = 2.1\text{-}2.9 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{BSA} = 1\%$$



# Electron beam: dependence on field size

monoenergetic beam (homogenous)  $E = 20 \text{ MeV}$  fields:  $4 \times 4$ ,  $10 \times 10$  and  $20 \times 20 \text{ cm}^2$   
 source to phantom ( $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ) distance: 100 cm **divergent beam**

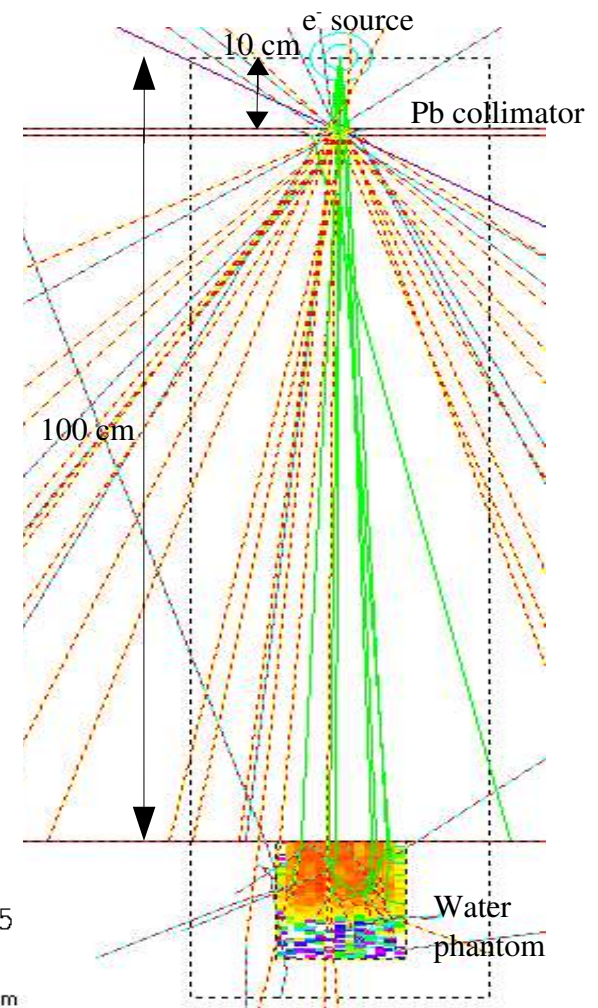


$R_p \approx 10 \text{ cm}$ , remains almost independent of field size

$R$  depends more strongly on field size

$\Rightarrow R_p$  is a better parameter to determine the beam energy

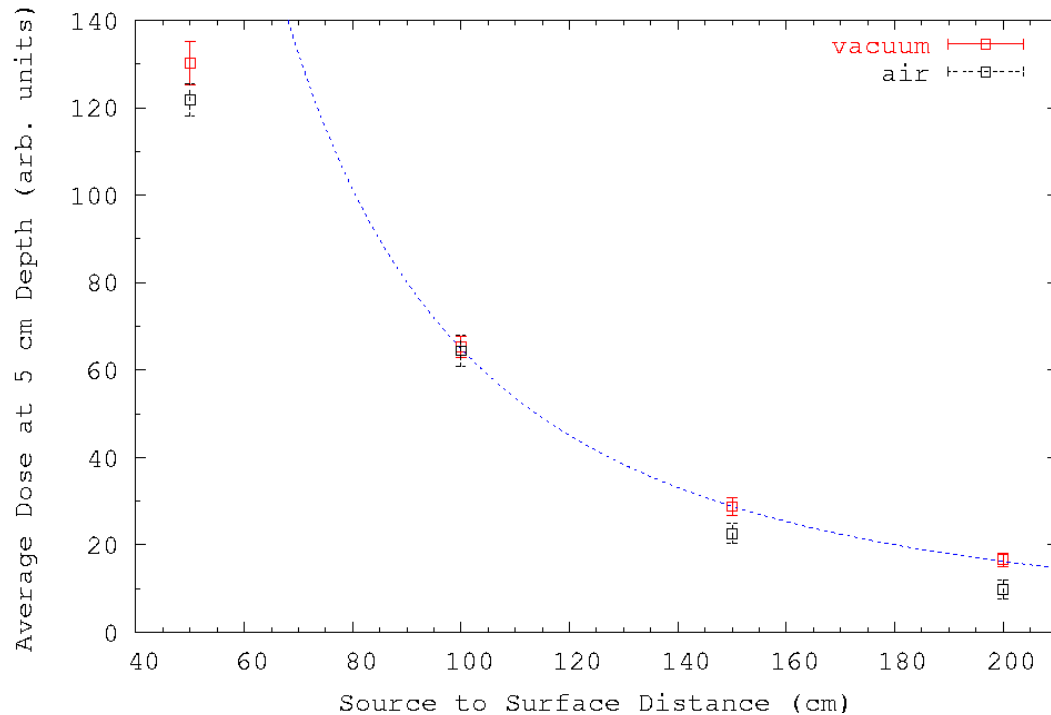
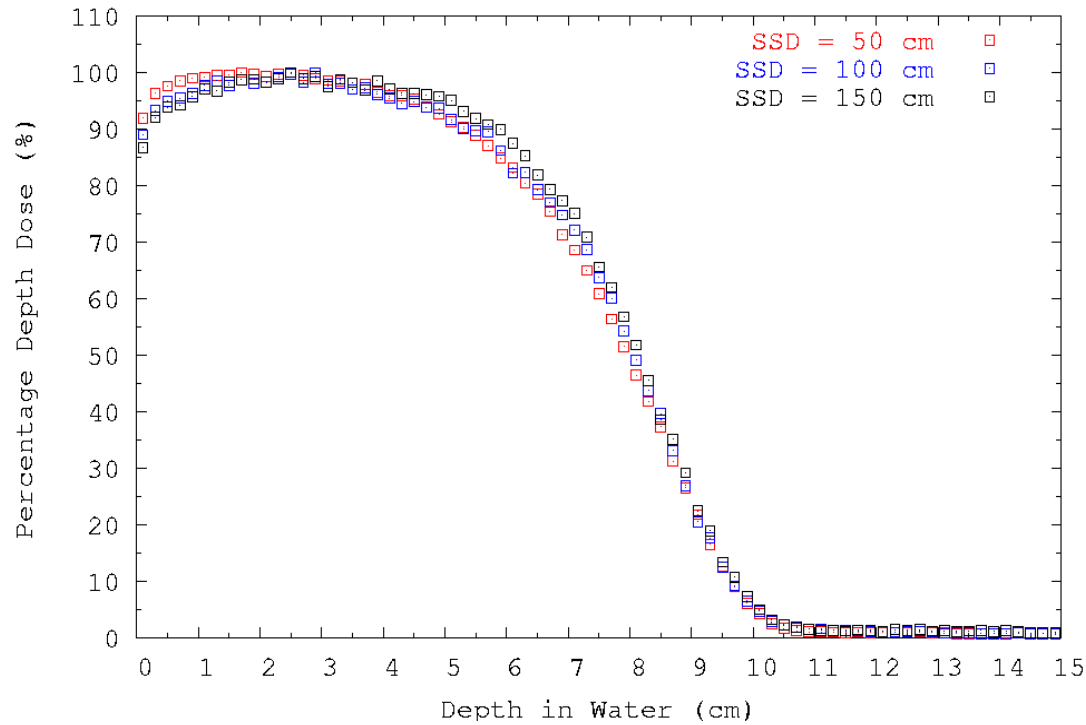
Saturation effect due to limited range of  $e^-$  ( $\approx 10 \text{ cm}$ )



Field sizes:

- $4 \times 4 \text{ cm}^2$
- $10 \times 10 \text{ cm}^2$
- $20 \times 20 \text{ cm}^2$

# Electron beam: dependence on source to phantom surface distance



divergent beam

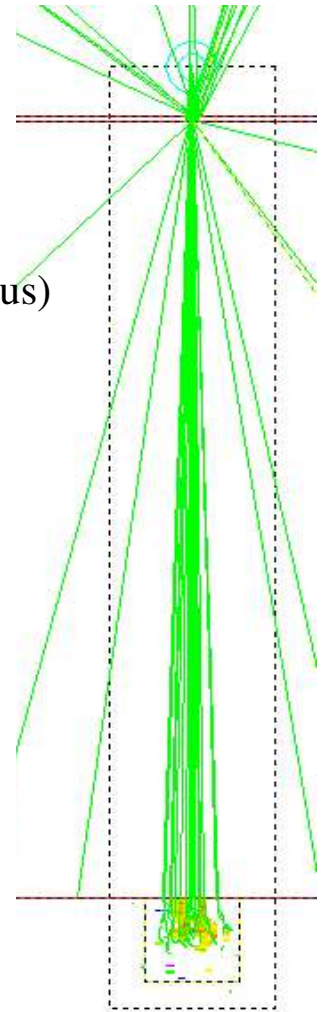
monoenergetic (homogeneous)  
beam

$E = 20 \text{ MeV}$

field:  $10 \times 10 \text{ cm}^2$

source to phantom ( $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ )

surface distances (SSDs):  
50, 100, 150 and 200 cm

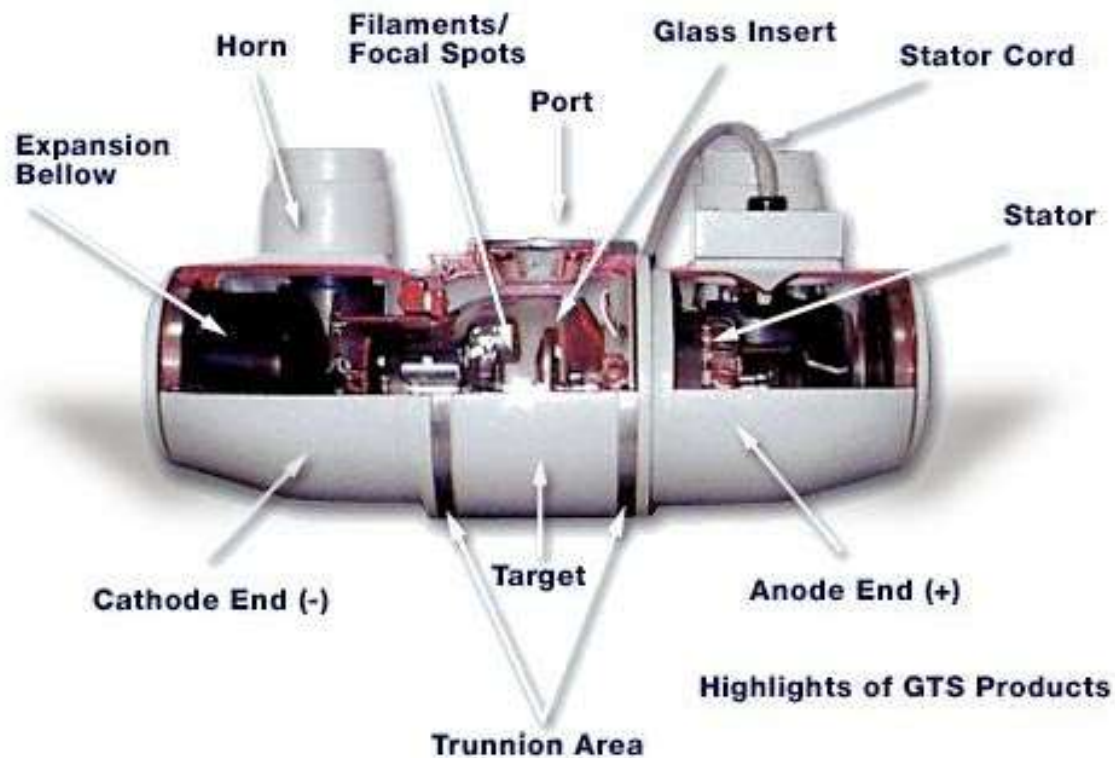
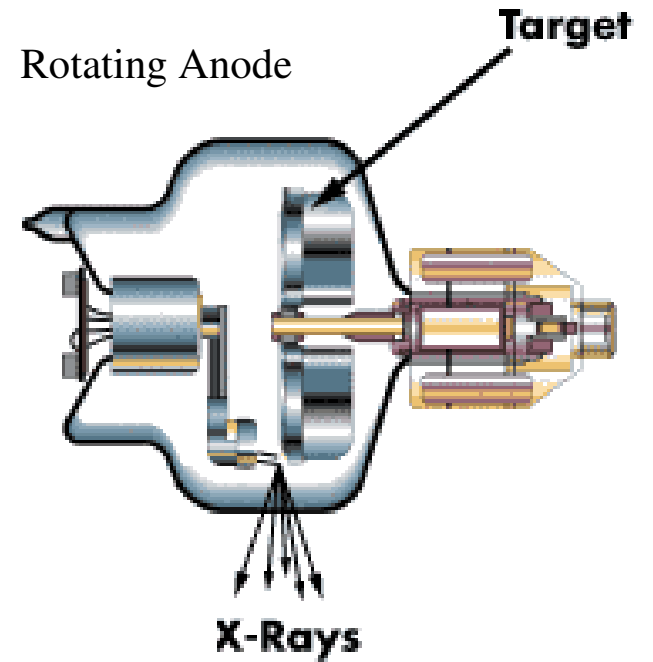
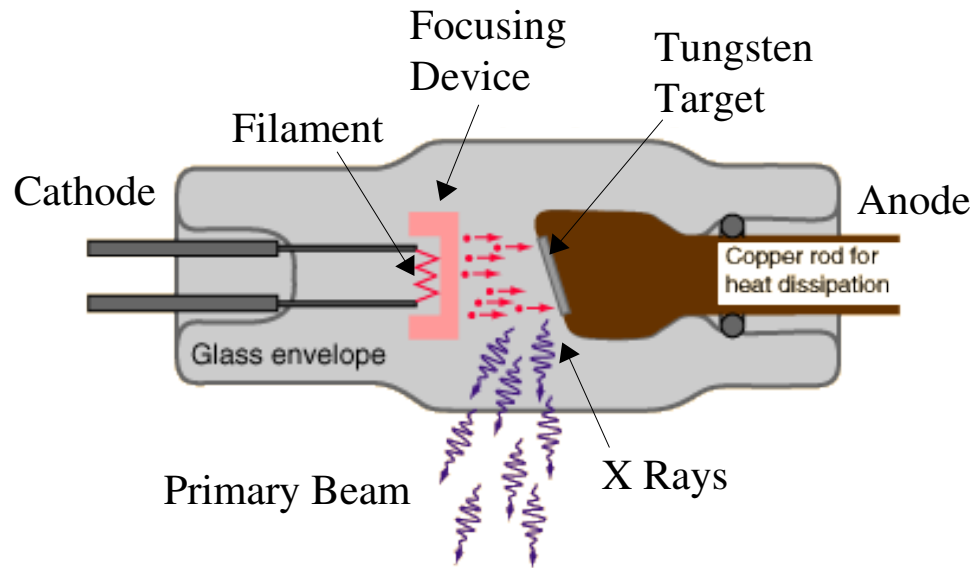


20 cm

$1/r^2$  not a good approximation in air!



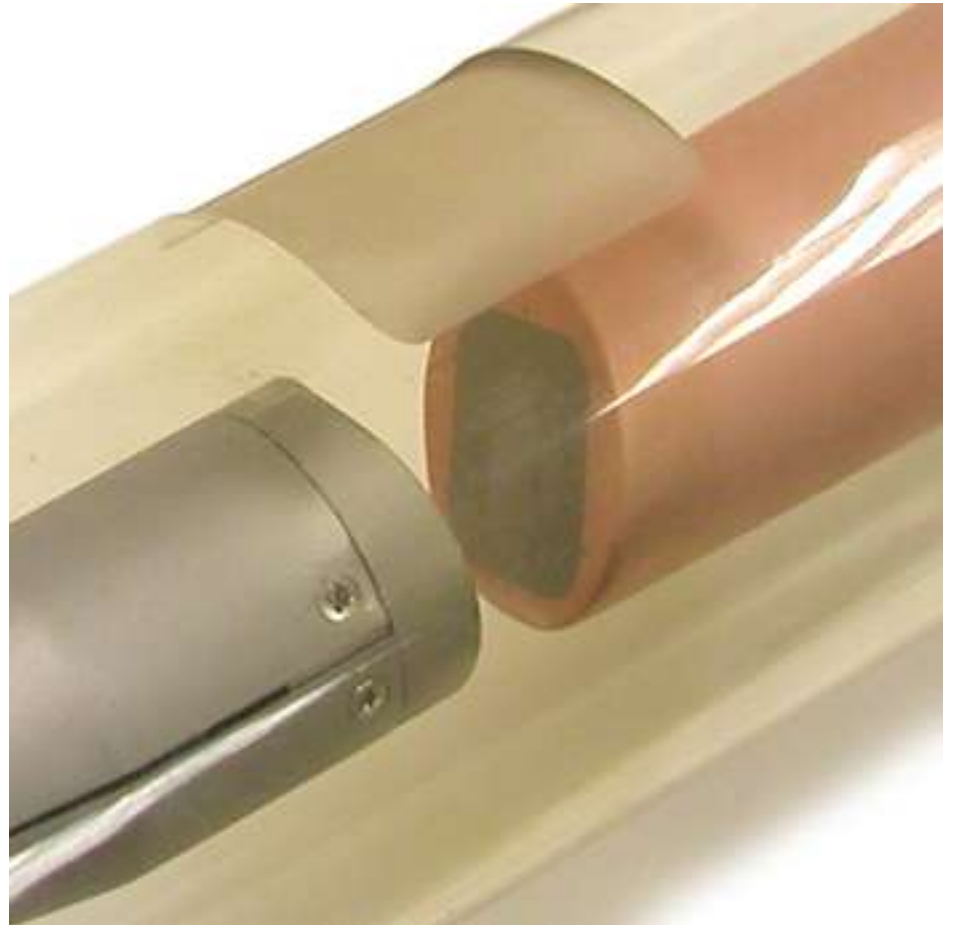
# X-Ray Tubes



Filaments / Focal Spots



# General Electric XP-2-4.5 Tube (ca. 1930)





Collimated Low  
Energy Therapy Tube  
(ca 1930)

Machlett FDX 1-2  
Rotating Anode Tube  
(ca 1960)



# EGS-Ray: simulation of an X-ray tube

Anode tension: 125 kV  
with and without  
3 mm Al filter

Mean energy of  
photon spectra before  
and after collimator

Daten  
D:...Mediendaten\521icru.dat

Randomseed  
1802 9373

Histories  
10000000

Feld  
0. -1. 0 e<sup>-</sup> source

0. 0. 0.1

Richtung

0. 1. 0.

Elektronen

Energie  
0.636 125 keV

Rechenraum  
-5 -5 -2 5 5 5

Scoringraum  
-5. -5. -2. 5. 5. 5.

Voxelgröße

2 2 2

keine Dosis

Flächenobjekt

W521ICRU

0. 0.7 0.

7.

Wand

1 -1

Wand

1 1 W anode

Wand

0 -0.5

Wand

0. 0.5

Wand

2 -1.5

Wand

2 0.5

Fläche

0 0 0 -0.5 0.3 0.5 0.5 0.3

0.5

PLatte 3 mm Al filter

AL521ICRU

2 3 3.3

Histogramm

2 2

Histogramm

2 3.6

Platte Pb collimator

PB521ICRU

2 3.9 4.1

Box

Air hole

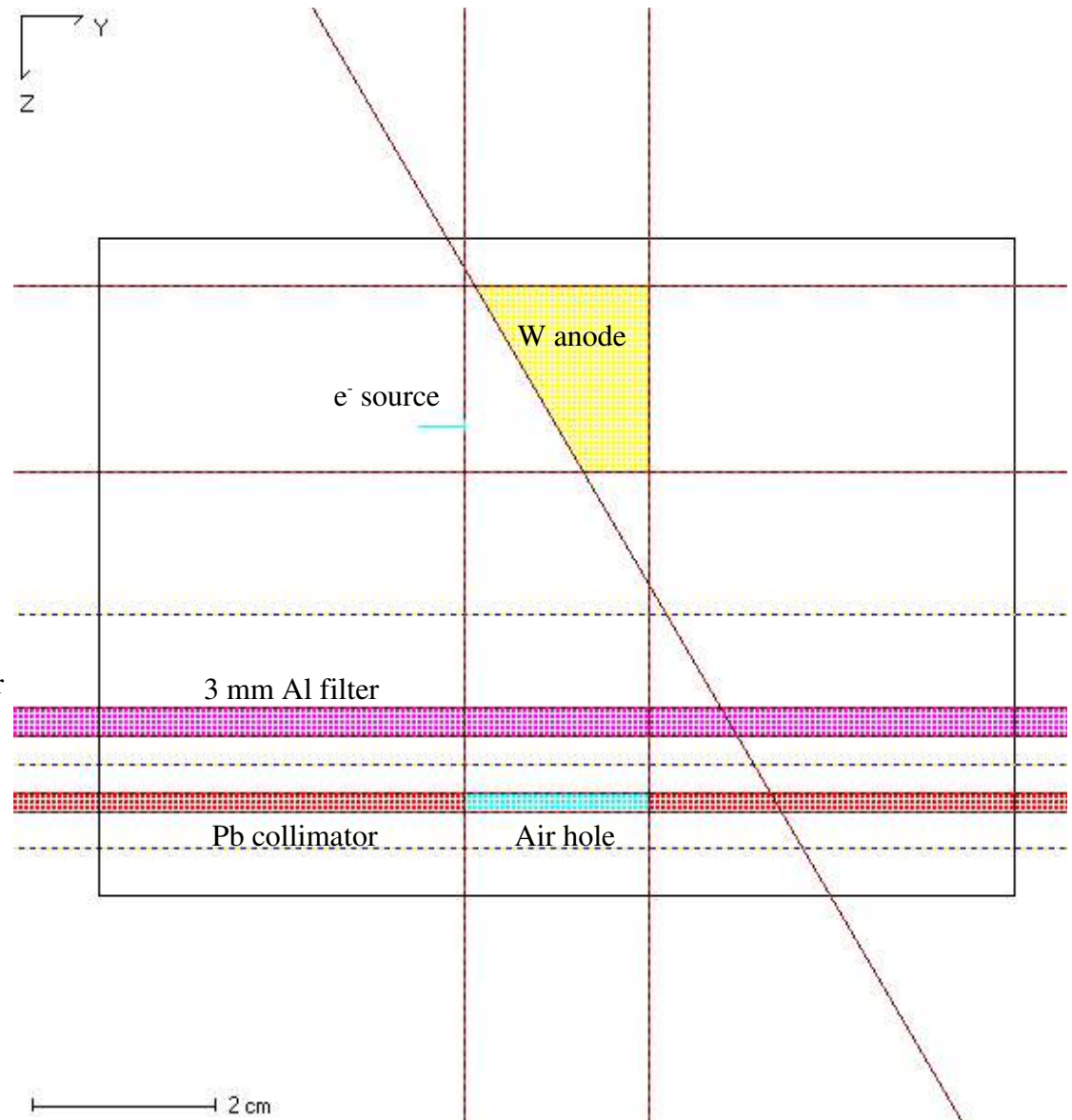
AIR521ICRU

-3 -1 3.9 3 1 4.1

Histogramm

2 4.5

Presta





# EGS-Ray: simulation of an X-ray tube

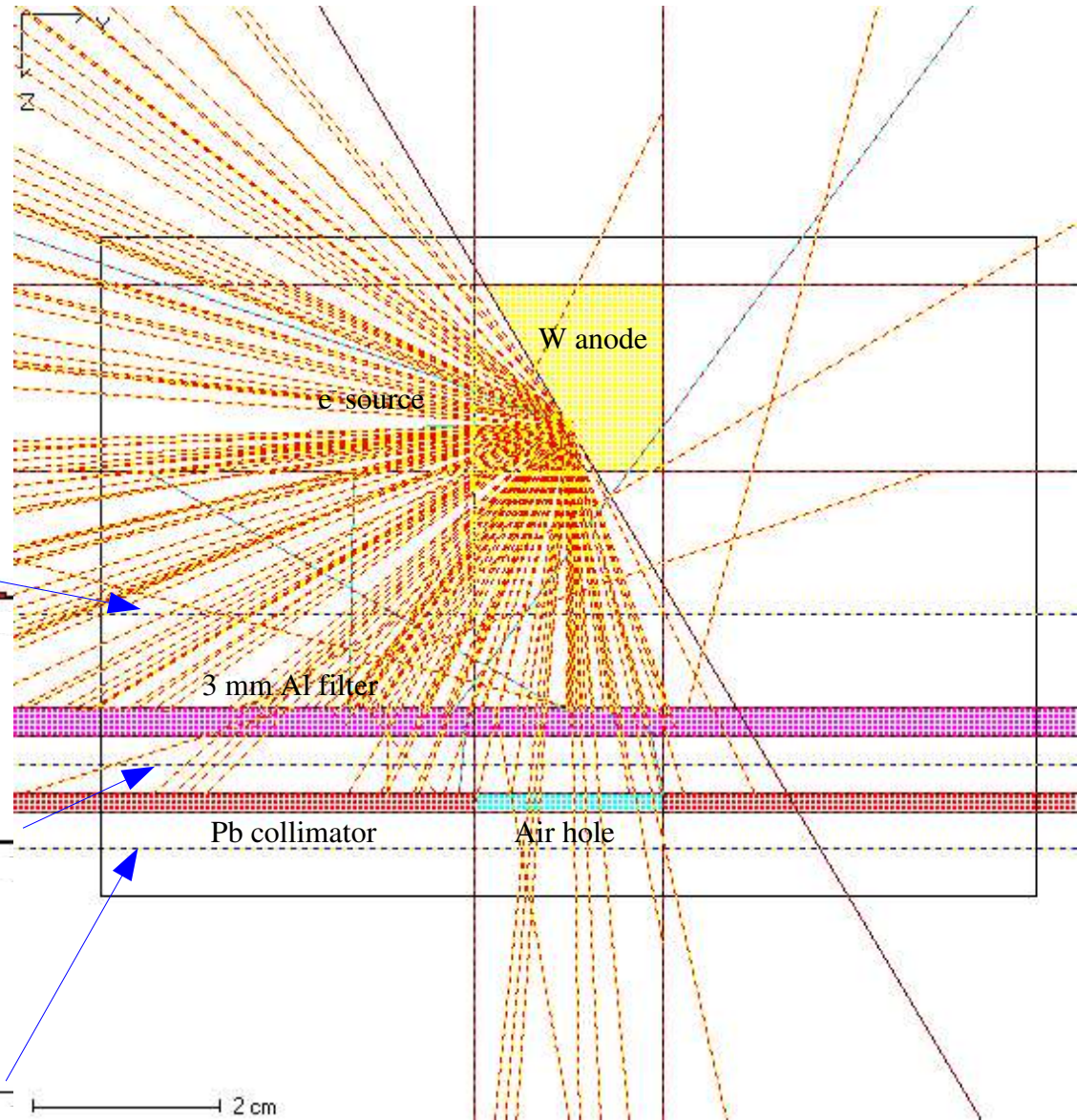
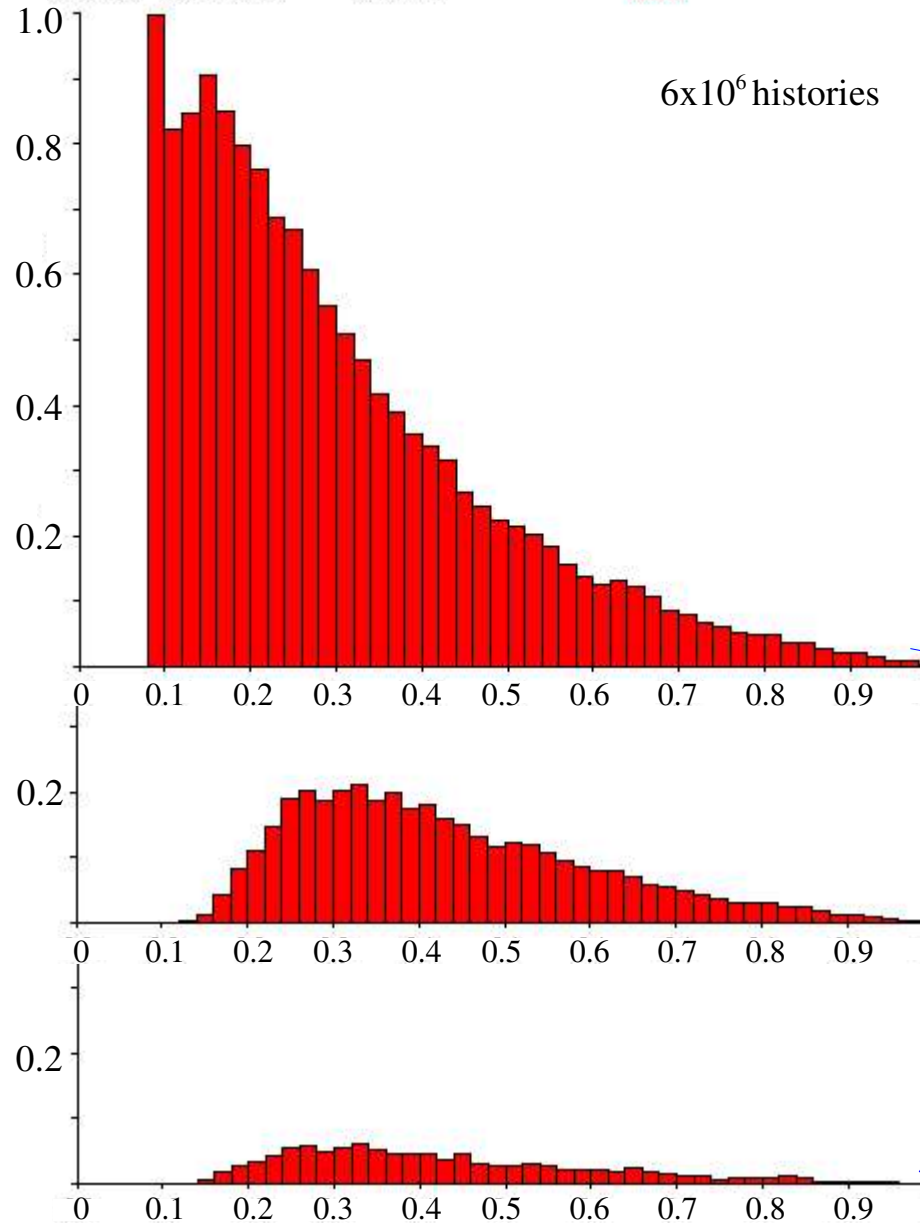
Anode tension: 125 kV

3 mm Al filter

2062

6x10<sup>6</sup> histories

Bremsstrahlung photons



# Geant 4.6 x-ray tube simulation

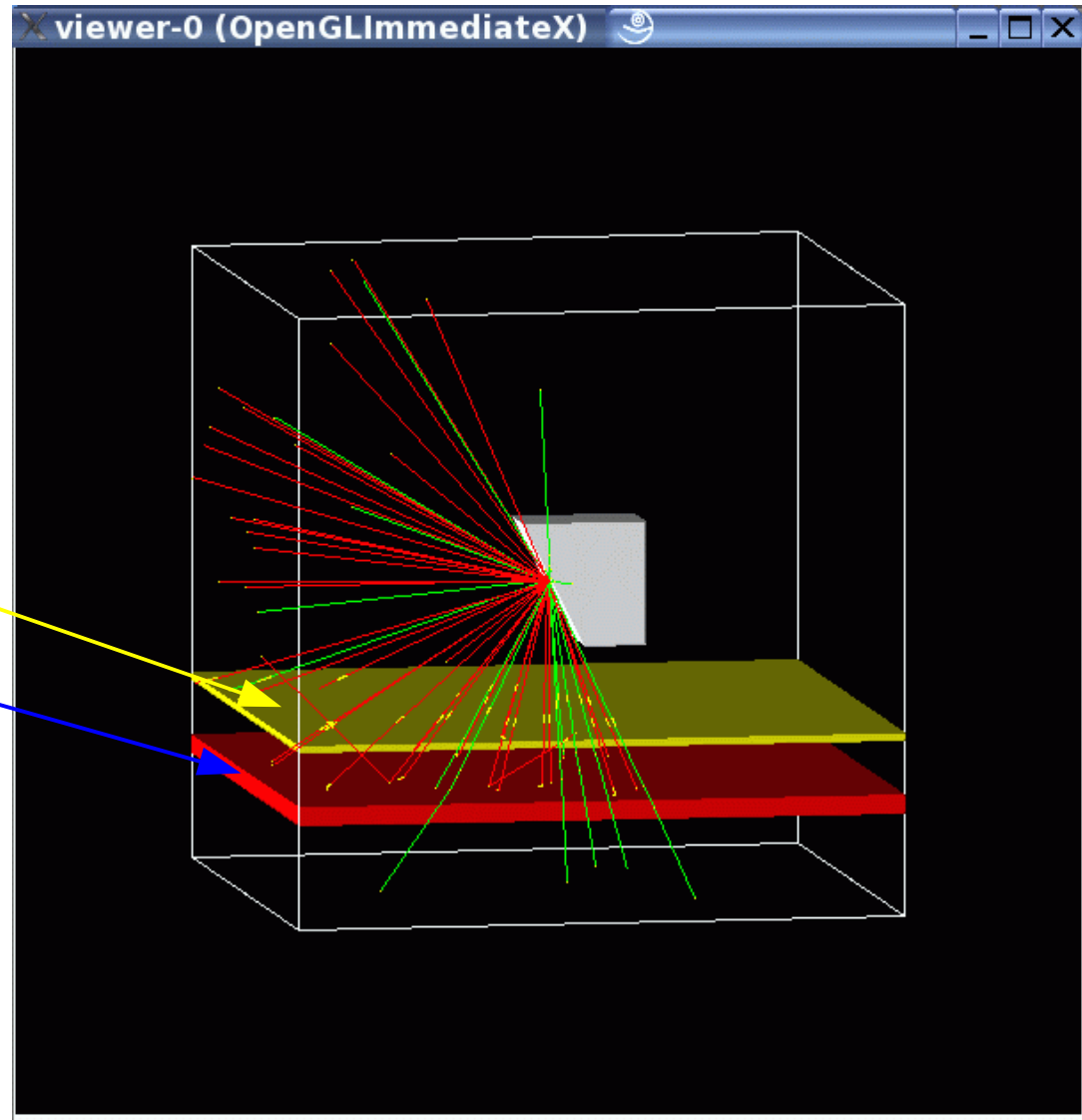
mono energetic electrons  
impinging on a tungsten target

low energy extension

scoring plane

3 mm Aluminum filter

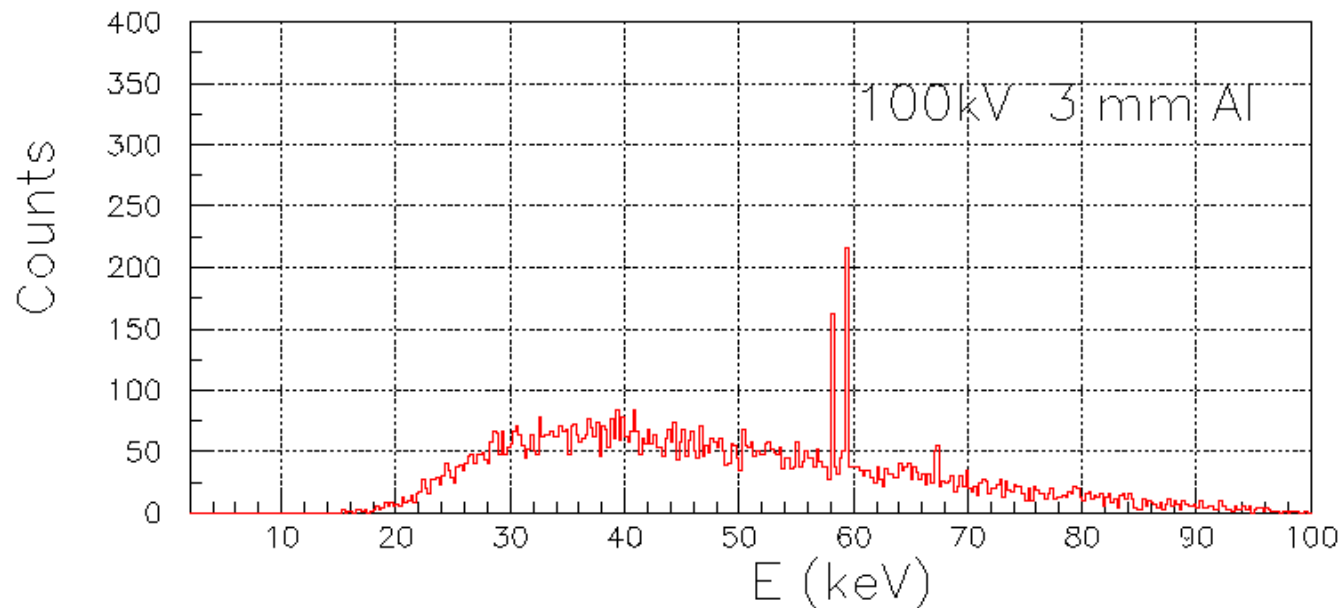
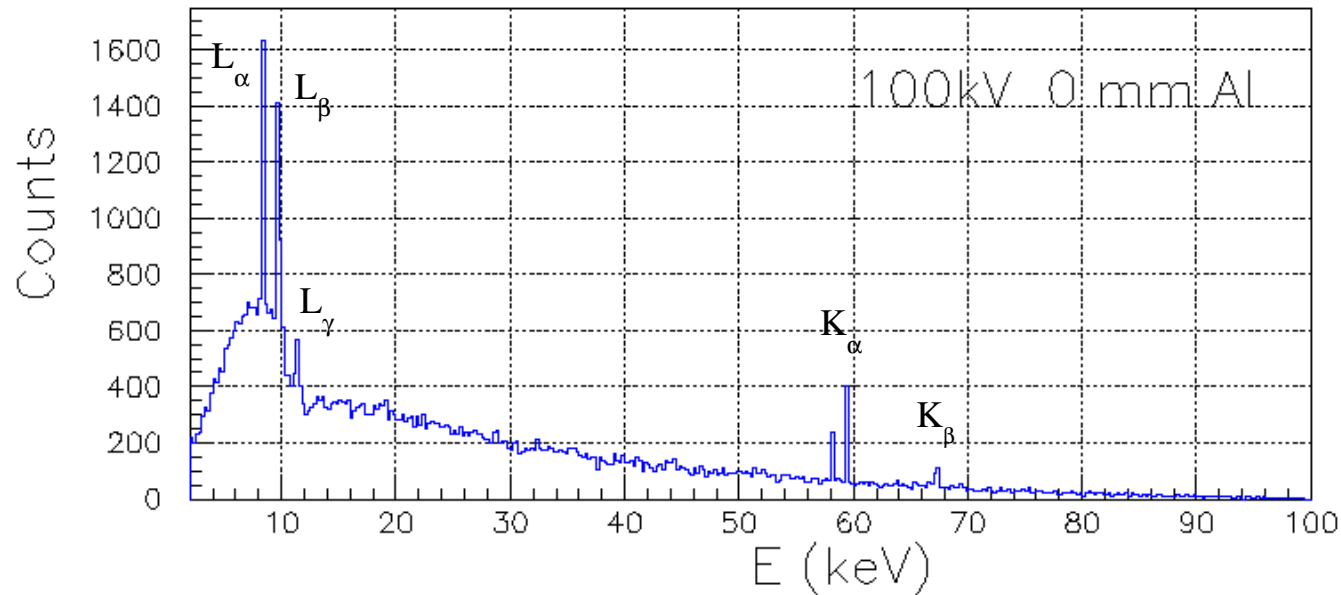
electrons  
photons



## Geant 4.6 X-ray spectra

100 kV mono energetic electrons impinging on a W target

low energy extension  $10^7$  primaries Range cut = 1  $\mu\text{m}$  (1.64 keV) in W

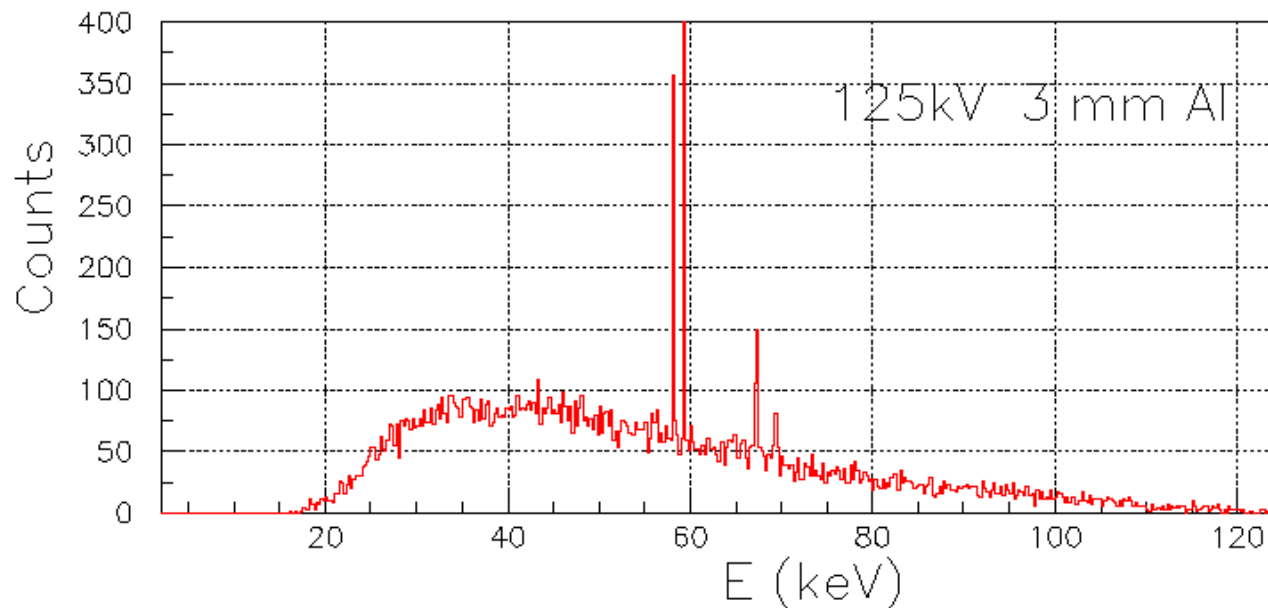
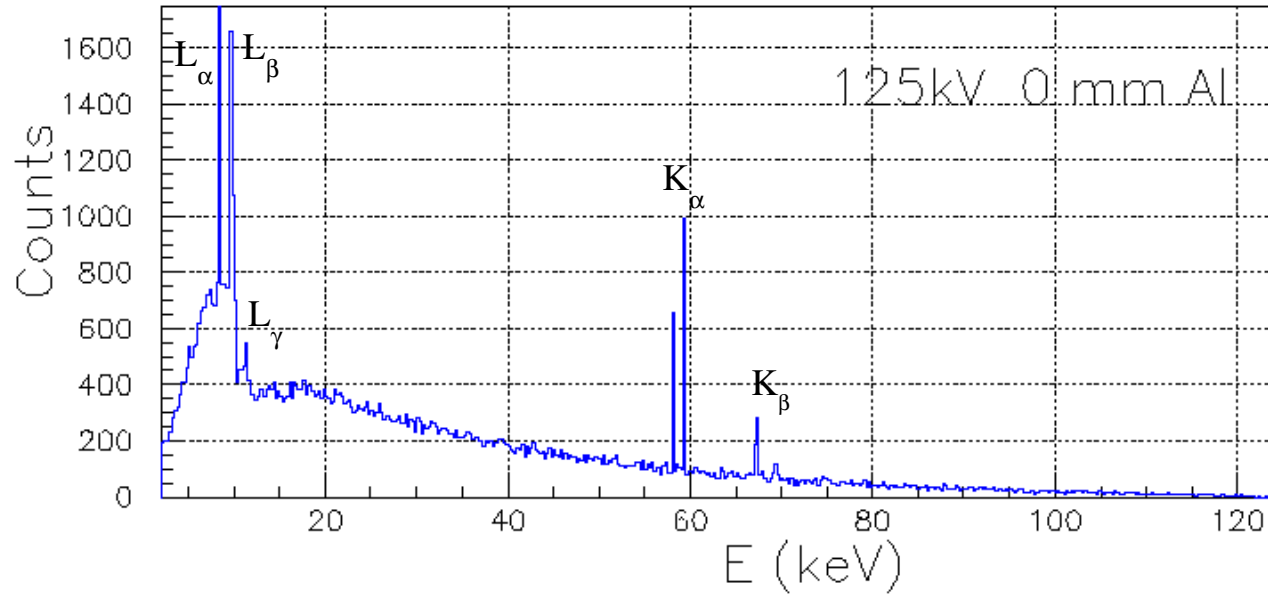


Line	E (keV)	Rel. Int. (%)
$K_{\alpha 1}$	59.318	100
$K_{\alpha 2}$	57.981	57
$K_{\beta 1}$	67.245	22
$K_{\beta 3}$	66.951	11
$L_{\alpha 1}$	8.398	10
$L_{\alpha 2}$	8.336	11
$L_{\beta 1}$	9.673	52
$L_{\beta 2}$	9.962	22
$L_{\gamma 1}$	11.287	9

# Geant 4.6 X-ray spectra

125 kV mono energetic electrons impinging on a W target

low energy extension  $10^7$  primaries Range cut =  $1\text{ }\mu\text{m}$  (1.64 keV) in W

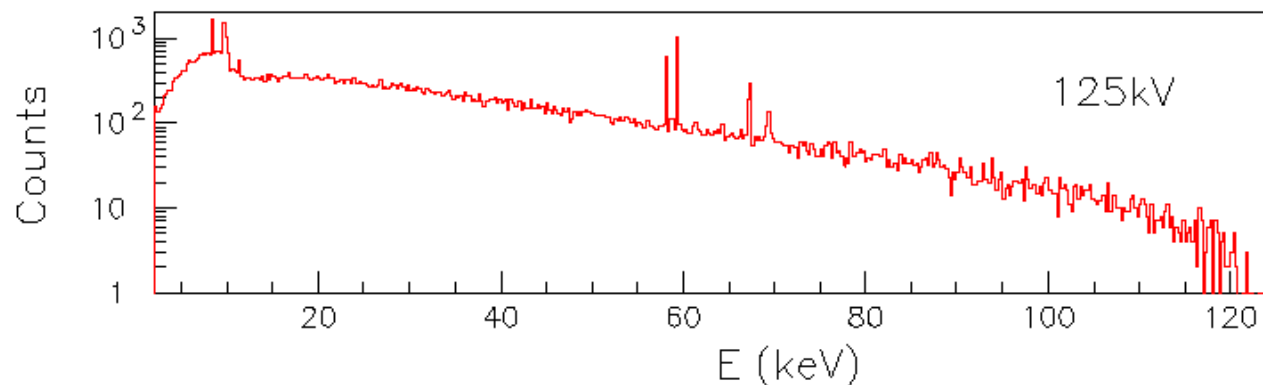
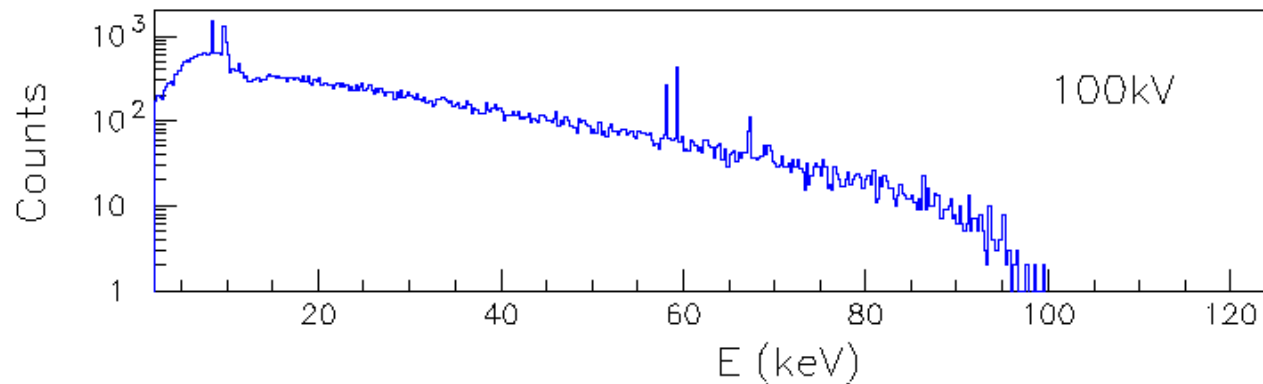
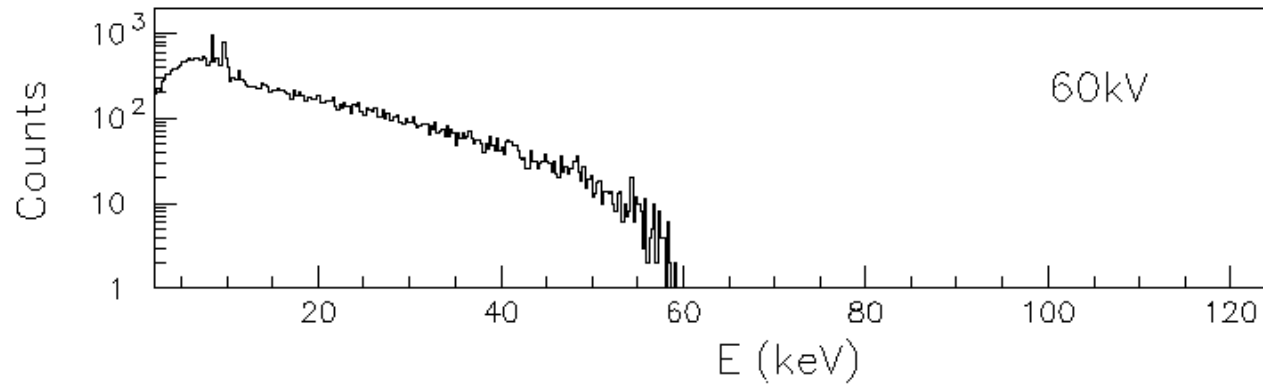


Line	E (keV)	Rel. Int. (%)
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$L_{\alpha 2}$	8.336	11
$L_{\beta 1}$	9.673	52
$L_{\beta 2}$	9.962	22
$L_{\gamma 1}$	11.287	9

## Geant 4.6 X-ray spectra for various electron energies

mono energetic electrons impinging on a W target

low energy extension  $10^7$  primaries Range cut = 1  $\mu\text{m}$  (1.64 keV) in W





# Assignment 05: X-Ray Production

## X Rays:

Simulate: a conventional X-ray tube with and without 3mm Al filter for:  
100 kV  
and 125 kV

Analysis: Determine the mean energies of the unfiltered and filtered spectra  
Determine the shape of the spectrum **numerically** from  
the energy histogram. This will be needed for the next assignment

*Scoring dimensions and voxel size adapted to each case. Enough statistics.*